SD Series surge protection devices



Ultra-slim user-friendly devices for protecting electronic equipment and systems against surges on signal and I/O cabling

- Easy installation automatic earthing with simple DIN-rail mounting
- Ultra-slim space-saving design
- Multifunctional versatility a 'feedthrough' terminal with surge protection, replaceable fuse and 'disconnect' features
- Multistage hybrid protection circuitry 10kA maximum surge current
- Fully autoresetting maintenance-free
- Range of voltage ratings to suit all process I/O applications
- High bandwidth, low resistance, RTD, PSTN and 3-wire transmitter versions available

The Telematic SD Series is a range of surge protection devices combining unparalleled packing densities, application versatility, proven reliable hybrid circuitry, simple installation and optional 'loop disconnect' facilities – features which make the series the ultimate surge protection solution for process equipment, systems I/O and communications networks.

The exceptionally high packing densities are the consequence of an ultra slim 'footprint' for individual modules which can thus 'double-up' as feedback terminals. Each module provides full hybrid surge protection for 2 and 3 wire loop protection. Optional 'loop disconnect', is a feature which allows commissioning and maintenance to be carried out without removal of the Surge Protection Device. This facility is provided by



the SD07, 16, 32 and 55 Surge Protection Devices. In addition, a third connection on the field and safe side of the protector is provided in order to terminate screens safely.

Modules with a comprehensive range of voltage ratings cover all process-related signals such as RTDs, THCs, 4 to 20mA loops, telemetry outstations, shut-down systems and fire and gas detectors. Modules for protecting higher voltage I/O sub-systems with working voltages up to 240V ac rms are also available.

For three wire applications the specially designed SDRTD (Resistance Temperature Detector) and the SD32T3, (for separately powered 4-20mA loops) provide full 3-wire protection in a single compact unit, whilst maintaining high measurement accuracy. For higher bandwidth applications, the SDR series

has been developed to meet the demands of today's highest speed communication systems. The SDPSTN version is available for protection of telecom/modem type applications including telemetry outstations.

One simple manual operation clamps modules securely onto DIN-rail, an action that also automatically provides the essential highintegrity earth connection. Where a number of SD Series modules are mounted on one rail, any that are incorrectly mounted (and therefore not securely earthed) are very obvious and can easily be remounted correctly.

Standard 'top-hat' (T-section) DIN-rail is generally suitable for mounting SD Series modules – although, for adverse environments, a specially-plated version is available from Telematic.

Surge protection - the facts

Many kinds of process control instrumentation and communication networks can be destroyed by surges (also referred to as "transient overvoltages") on power, signal and telecommunication lines. This invariably results in expensive downtime. Surges may be caused by lightning, heavy electrical load switching, electrical faults or electrical 'noise', from arc welding and other industrial sources. Those induced by lightning are on the increase globally, and it is recognised by European and other international standards that lightning can induce voltage surges of more than 10kV on equipment cables - and a 'near miss' can inject more than 5kA of current through electronic circuitry.

The only effective way of preventing such damage is to equip all vulnerable connections with surge protection devices (SPDs). These incorporate circuitry designed to divert surges safely to earth, and to control the voltage seen by sensitive equipment. The Telematic range includes SPDs for virtually all applications, including mains power supplies, process instrumentation, PSTN installations and computer networking, thus providing 'all-round' protection from one source. These products are available directly from Telematic and from distributors around the world. Further information on all aspects of surge protection can be found in Telematic's range of Technical Application Notes available by post or downloaded from our Web Site.



SD SERIES - GUIDE TO APPLICATIONS AND SELECTION

The SD Series of SPDs includes models for almost all possible applications operating at voltages up to 250V ac. The optional 'fuse/disconnect' package provides both fused protection against fault currents and a convenient method of isolating field circuitry from protected circuitry without needing additional disconnect terminals. The standard fuse (which is replaceable) is rated 250mA with 50mA fuses also being available in packs of 5, by special request. Where only the disconnect feature is required, solid links can be used.

As an example, this feature is of particular value in applications in which an SPD is used with a bulk power supply feeding multiple loops. The individual module fuse prevents a fault or follow on current on one loop disrupting the power supply to the others. Also, loops can be removed from the circuit for maintenance reasons or added without needing additional disconnect terminals.

The following guide to selection suggests the most suitable SDs for a number of specific applications. For technical information, see the detailed specifications on the back page of this publication (some field circuit protection is shown for completeness).

ANALOGUE INPUTS (HIGH-LEVEL)

2-wire transmitters, 4 to 20mA, conventional and smart

The SPDs recommended for use with 'conventional' and 'smart' 4 to 20mA transmitters (fed by a well-regulated supply) are the SD32 and SD55, the choice depending upon the maximum working voltage of the system (32V and 55V respectively). The diagram illustrates a prime example of an application for which the fuse/disconnect facility is particularly useful, however, both models are available in 'X' versions without the optional fuse/disconnect feature.



ANALOGUE INPUTS (LOW-LEVEL) RTDs

These applications are best served using the SDRTD. For optimum accuracy, the energising current should be chosen to ensure the voltage across the RTD does not exceed 1V over the full measurement range. When using a PT100 device, we recommend an energising current of 1mA.

ac sensors, photocells, THCs, mV sources and turbine flowmeters

The SD07 or SD16 (depending upon the operational voltage) are the favoured choices for this application. SD07X and SD16X are also suitable.

ANALOGUE OUTPUTS

Controller outputs (I/P converters)

For this application, the recommendations are the SD16, SD32 and SD55 (and the equivalent 'X' versions), the final choice depending upon the operating voltage.



DIGITAL (ON/OFF) INPUTS Switches

Suitable SPDs for switches include the SD07, SD16, SD32 and SD55 modules - the choice depending upon the operating voltage of the system. The 'X' versions of these are also suitable.

DIGITAL (ON/OFF)

TELEMETRY (PSTN) Telemetry outstations

switched telephone networks.

PLC, I/O systems

AC SUPPLIED EQUIPMENT

ac systems, the SD275X is recommended.

Alarms, LEDs, solenoid

OUTPUTS

valves, etc

is the SD32 or SD32X.

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TRANSMITTER AND SENSOR PROTECTION

Transmitters and sensors are widely used in highly exposed areas and where lightning damage is common. In many cases, the ideal solution for 2-wire transmitters or sensors is the TP48 which mounts directly onto the transmitter housing via spare cable entries. Where these entries are not available or 3-wire devices are used, the compact design and simple installation of the SD series makes it the obvious choice for transmitter protection.

The SDs within the junction box should be installed no further than one metre away but as close as possible to the sensor or transmitter they are protecting. A bond is required from the general mass of steelwork to the sensor or transmitter housing either using a flat short braid or a cable of at least 4mm² cross sectional area. In most instances this bond is automatically made by fixing the metallic transmitter housing to the plant structure. This bond ensures the voltage difference between the signal conductors and the transmitter housing is below the transmitter's insulation rating. Please note that the transmitters or sensors are connected to the 'Protected Equipment' terminals of the SD and not the 'Field Cables'.

2-WIRE TRANSMITTERS OR PROTECTED CIRCUIT FIELD CIRCUIT **SENSORS** 4 to 20mA transmitters, conventional and smart Where the TP48 is not an acceptable solution. 4-20mA ¥ either because of technical suitability or ₹. - 1 difficulties in mounting, the SD16X, SD32X and Plant SD16X SD55X are an excellent alternative. structure SD32X SD55X SPD DIN rail 2-wire transmitter or sensor **3-WIRE TRANSMITTERS OR SENSORS** -0 24V Vibration Sensors and 4-20mA loop process Ϋ. X control systems invariably require three wire -0 4-20mA connections, when powered from an external XX œ۰ source. Common OV Plant X structure This may be accomplished in one unit by using SD32T3 the SD32T3 three terminal Surge Protection Device (SPD). Because the SD32T3 protects all three conductors within the same unit, higher protection is achieved, as the SPD hybrid SPD DIN rail circuitry is common to all three wires. 3-wire transmitter or sensor **4-WIRE TRANSMITTERS OR SENSORS** 4.20m∆ ¥ Flow meters, level detectors, X X etc. 4-wire systems such as level detectors require two SDs, one for the supply and the other for Plant -o Supply voltage the transmitter output. Generally the voltages structure \bigcirc * across the pairs are similar and so the O Supply OV recommended choice would be a pair of XX SD16X, SD32X or SD55Xs. However, mains powered transmitters should be protected with SD16X SD32X an SD150X or 275X (depending upon supply SD55X

Loadcells are catered for by Telematic's LC30 which is suitable for both 4 and 6-wire load cells.

voltage) for the supply inputs.



SPD DIN rail

COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS PROTECTION

High speed data links between buildings or one part of a plant to another have become more common with the widespread use of smart transmitters and the increase in unmanned installations. The SD series has an SPD suitable for all process I/O applications with a choice of low resistance units, high bandwidth and a variety of voltage variants. The SDR series has been specially designed to meet the requirements for high speed data links with an extremely high bandwidth.

COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS RS232, RS422, RS485

The recommended choice for these applications is the SD16R or SD32R depending on the maximum driver signal.



Bus powered systems

There are a variety of bus powered systems specially designed for the process industry. The ideal surge protection device for these systems is the SD32R as it has a very high bandwidth and a modest in-line resistance.



Typical Applications

Table 1 shows suitable SD devices for different applications. In some applications alternative devices may be used, for example, where lower in-line resistance or a higher voltage power supply is used.

Telematic have operationally tested the recommended SD series with representative highways listed but no formal approval for their use in systems by the respective bodies has been sought.

Table 1

Application	Preferred SPD	Alternative
Allen Bradley Data Highway Plus	SD16R	
FOUNDATION Fieldbus		
31.25kbits/s voltage mode	SD32R	
1.0/2.5 Mbits/s	SD55R	
HART	SD32X	SD32, SD32R
Honeywell DE	SD32X	SD32, SD32R
LonWorks		
FFT-10	SD32R	
LPT-10	SD55R	
TP-78	SD07R	
IS78†	SD32R	
Modbus & Modbus Plus (RS485)	SD16R	
PROFIBUS		
DP	SD32R	
PA (IEC 1158, 31.25 kbits/s)	SD32R	
RS232	SD16	SD16X
RS422	SD16R	
RS423	SD16R	
RS485	SD16R	
WorldFIP (IEC 1158)		
31.25 kbits/s voltage mode	SD32R	
1.0/2.5 Mbits/s	SD55R	

HAZARDOUS AREA APPLICATIONS

Zone 0/Zone 1

The dangers from lightning induced sparking in Zone O are considered real enough to require preventative measures. IEC 60079-14 (1996-12) *Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres Part 14: Electrical installations in hazardous areas (other than mines)* stresses the importance of SPDs in hazardous areas. An outdoor installation where there is a high likelihood of both lightning induced transients and combustible gases requires the installation of SPDs to prevent possible ignition of the gases. Areas seen particularly at risk include flammable liquid storage tanks, effluent treatment plants, distillation columns in petrochemical works and gas pipelines.

SPDs for transmitter protection should be installed in Zone 1 but sufficiently close to the Zone 0 boundary to prevent high voltages entering Zone 0. The distance from the SPD to Zone 0 should be less than one metre where possible. However, in practice the SPD would normally be mounted on the transmitter or sensor housing which usually lies in Zone 1 and is very close to Zone 0. Because there is only a very small free volume, the SD Series is suitable for mounting in flameproof or explosion proof enclosures.

Zone 2

The SD series is suitable for protecting electrical circuits in Division 2, Zone 2 and can be used without affecting the safety aspects of the circuit. Non-incendive (low-current) circuits can be protected using any SD series unit mounted in either the safe or hazardous area including those with the fuse disconnect facility. Non arcing (high current) circuits can also be protected except that SPDs with the fuse disconnect facility may only be mounted in the safe area. For use in these circuits the units must be mounted in a suitable enclosure, normally the minimum requirements are IP54 and 7Nm resistance to impact. The SD series is self certified by Telematic Ltd as being suitable for this purpose.

Certification

Introducing surge protection into Intrinsically Safe (IS) circuits is trouble-free as long as the current and power parameters are not exceeded (for more information refer to Telematic application notes TAN1004 and TAN1005). The SD07X , SD16X, SD32X and SD55X all have BASEEFA certification for use in IS circuits located in Zones 0, 1 or 2. Their certification parameters are:

EEx ia IIC T4, I_i = 186mA, L_i = 220 μ H, with the power rating dependant on the ambient temperature., P_i = 1W (T_{amb}=-30°C to +75°C) or P_i = 1.2W (T_{amb}=-30°C to +60°C) or P_i = 1.3W (T_{amb}=-30°C to +40°C) The SD07R, SD16R, SD32R and SD55R surge protection devices are simple apparatus and can therefore be used in hazardous areas without affecting the certification of the circuit. The SD07, SD16, SD32 and SD55 are also simple apparatus, with $L_1 = 220\mu$ H, but because their replaceable fuses are not fully encapsulated they can only be used in Zone 2 or safe areas.

INSTALLATION

Positioning

The SDs should be mounted on the field wiring side to ensure that any surges entering from the field do not damage any intrinsically safe barriers or galvanic isolators in the system. The SDs and IS interfaces should be mounted close to each other but on separate DIN rails in order to maintain the required 50mm clearance between safe area and hazardous area terminals.

Earthing

The recommended earthing for field mounted devices has been illustrated previously but it is the earthing at the control panel that is more critical as there are usually a number of earthing systems, each with their own requirements. The earthing system illustrated here replaces the instrument OV bond, the control system PSU bond and the IS earth with one single earth connection to meet all the design requirements and give the most effective protection against the effects of lightning induced surges.





SD SERIES MOUNTING KITS AND ACCESSORIES

The SD Series has a full range of mounting kits and accessories to simplify installation and tagging of individual loops. Insulating spacers (SD-ISP) are available to allow mounting of the units onto backplanes without compromising correct earthing practice. These are placed at regular intervals along the rail or at each end as required. Earth connections can be made to the DIN-rail via the earth terminal (SD-ETL). Weatherproof enclosures are also available with all the necessary mounting accessories to install the SD series surge protection devices.

Two tagging systems are available. One consists of tagging strips (SD-TAG) with labels (SD-TGL) mounted on posts (SD-IMB) at each end of a row of surge protection devices (SPDs). The other consists of separate tagging identifiers (SD-BRI - supplied in packs of 10) mounted on the tops of individual SPDs. Both methods can be used conjointly. Replaceable fuses or solid links are available in packs of 5 (SD-F25, SD-F05 and SD-LNK).



Accessories (mounting)

SD-LNK

	SD-ETL	Earth terminals
	SD-ISP	Insulating spacers
	SD-THR	Plated DIN-rail
Ac	cessories (ta	agging-group)
	SD-IMB	Mounting blocks (two needed)
	SD-TAG	Tagging strip (1m length, with one SD-TGL strip)
	SD-TGL	Spare labelling strip for SD-TAG (1m length)
	SD-TGS	Tagging strip seal (available in packs 10)
Ac	cessories (ta	agging-individual)
	SD-BRI	Module identifier (available in packs 10)
	SD-BIL-A4	Labels (supplied as A4-size sheet for pre-printing
		by user)
En	closures	
	SD-DX070	Enclosure for up to 8 SD series SPDs
	SD-DX170	Enclosure for up to 20 SD series SPDs
	SD-DX430	Enclosure for up to 58 SD series SPDs
Ac	cessories (re	eplacement)
	SD-F25	Replaceable fuse pack - 250mA standard
		(available in packs of 5)
	SD-F05	Replaceable fuse pack - 50mA special
		(available in packs of 5)

Solid Link (available in packs of 5)



SPECIFICATIONS (all figures typical at 25°C unless otherwise stated)		1			2	3 Ma	3 ax.	4	5	
Protection Full hybrid line to line Each line to screen/ground		Working voltage+ (V)	Rated load current (mA)	Nominal resistance (Ω/line)	Max. leakage current (μΑ)	contin opera volta (\	nuous ating age /)	Limiting voltage (V)	Band- width	Special Features
GDT rating 10kA (8/20µs), (not applicable to SD150X and SD275X)	SD07 SD16 SD32	7 16 32	50 or 250* 50 or 250* 50 or 250*	4.2† 4.2† 4.2†	500 5 5	7. 1 3	.7 7 6	30 40 60	25kHz 25kHz 25kHz	Fuse Disconnect Fuse Disconnect Fuse Disconnect
MOV rating 6.5kA (8/20µs), (SD150X and SD275X only)	SD55 SD07R SD16R	55 7 16	50 or 250* 400 400	4.2† 2.7 4.7	5 500 5	6 7. 1	2 .7 7	100 30 40	25kHz 50MHz 50MHz	Fuse Disconnect High Bandwidth High Bandwidth
Reaction time Within nanoseconds (10 ⁻⁹ s)	SD32R SD55R	32 55	400 400	10.0 10.0	5 5	3 6	6 2	60 100	50MHz 50MHz	High Bandwidth High Bandwidth
RTD resistance range (SDRTD) 10 to 1500Ω	SD07X SD16X	7 16	400 400	2.2 2.2	500 5	7.	.7 7	30 40	25kHz 25kHz	Low Resistance Low Resistance
Degradation accuracy (SDRTD at 1mA) 0.1% (RTD resistance $\geq 100\Omega$)	SD32X SD55X	32 55	400 400	2.2 2.2	5	6.	6 2	60 100	25kHz 25kHz	Low Resistance Low Resistance
Ambient temperature -30° C to $\pm 75^{\circ}$ C (working)	SD32T3	32	250	2.2^ 10**	5	3	6	60	720kHz	3 Terminal device
-40°C to +80°C (storage)	SDRTD SDPSTN	1 162	1-10 % 550	2.7 4.7	0.3 5	7.	.7 75	30 234	50MHz 4MHz	3 wire RTD PSTN
5 to 95% RH (non-condensing) Terminals	SD150X	ac rms 120	3A‡	0.1	ac rms 250	dc 150	ac rms 132	450	-	High Current
2.5mm² (12 AVVG)	SD275X	240	3A‡	0.1	250	2/5	275	850	-	High Current

Note: all figures are typical at +25°C unless otherwise stated; *standard fuse; +over full working temperature range; †at 20mA with a 250mA standard fuse; ‡these units need external 3A fuses; ^Signal; **Power & Common; Xmaximum energising current depends upon RTD resistance. See page 2 for details.

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Definitions of terminology used in table

- Working voltage Maximum voltage between lines or lines/ground for the specified leakage current
 Maximum leakage current
- Maximum current drawn by the SPD at the working voltage
- 3 Maximum continuous operating voltage Maximum voltage that can be applied to the protected terminals without damage

4 Limiting voltage

Peak output voltage after injection of test impulse from 6kV/3kA combination waveform generator (often known as 'let-through' voltage)

Bandwidth

Frequency range up to which ac signals can be transmitted without undue attenuation; 3dB into 50Ω (600Ω for the SDPSTN)

APPROVALS

* See page 6 for further details

Country (Authority)	Standard	Certificate/File No.	Approved for	Product	
UK (BASEEFA)	EN 50014 & EN 50020	Ex96D2219X	EEx ia IIC T4*	SD07X, SD16X, SD32X, SD55X SD32T3	
Hungary(BKI) EN 50014 & EN 50020		Ex-97.C.355X	EEx ia IIC T4*	SD07X, SD16X, SD32X, SD55X	
CANADA (CSA)	CSA C22.2 No. 0-M1991 CSA C22.2 No. 157-M1992 UL 913, Fifth edition	LR 103652-3	EEx ia Class 1, Groups A, B C and D, T4	SD07X, SD16X SD32X, SD55X	
UK (Oftel)	BS EN60950	NS/G/1235/W/100025	PSTN	SDPSTN	
Austel	AS/NZ3548:1995 AS/NZS4117:1996 TS001: 1997	_	Private Wire	SD07R	



Telematic Limited

Mounting

Weight

T-section DIN-rail

70g approximately

Case flammability

UL94 V-2

EMC compliance

environments

LVD compliance

TO ORDER:-

without notice.

part numbers

(35 x 7.5 or 35 x 15mm rail)

To Generic Immunity Standards,

EN 50082, part 2 for industrial

Order by module and/or accessory

In accordance with its policy of continuous improvement, Telematic reserves the right to change the product's specification

SD150X & SD275X EN 60950 : 1992

EN 61010 : 1995 **SDPSTN** EN 41003 : 1993

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