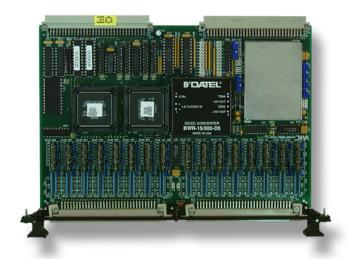
# VMIVME-3122 Specifications



# High-Performance 16-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)

### Features:

- 64 different or single-ended inputs
- 16-bit A/D conversion
- Software-selectable conversion rate (100 kHz maximum)
- Program-selectable scanning of 1, 8, 16, 32 or 64 channels
- Continually digitizes selected input channels and stores the results
- Three trigger modes
  - Software trigger
  - External trigger
  - Interval timer trigger
- Three scan modes
  - Autoscan
  - Single scan
- Random access
- Programmed VMEbus interrupts
- User-programmable interval timer

- Software-programmable gain 1 and 10
- External trigger to synchronize multiple boards simultaneously
- Jumper-selectable A/D ranges of 0 to +5V, 0 to +10V, ±2.5V, ±5V and ±10V
- Optional low pass filter
- Overvoltage protected inputs
- 1,024-word data buffer (16-word deep buffer x 64 channels)
- Selectable output coding
- Power up in autoscanning mode with unity gain

# **Applications:**

- Factory automation and instrumentation
- Process control
- Laboratory instrumentation
- Machine monitoring
- Data acquisition



### **Ordering Options**

May 1, 2006 800-003122-000 J		Α	В	С	D	Ε	F
VMIVME-3122	-				0	0	

### A = Input Filter Option

0 = No Filter

1 = 10 Hz (-3 dB)

2 = 50 Hz (-3 dB)

3 = 100 Hz (-3 dB)

4 = 500 Hz (-3 dB)

#### B = Number of Channel Option

0 = 64 Channels High Performance

1 = 32 Channels High Performance

2 = 16 Channels High Performance

3 = 64 Channels Standard Performance

4 = 32 Channels Standard Performance

5 = 16 Channels Standard Performance

#### C = Input Option

0 = Differential Analog Input Channels with 96-pin Nonlatching Connector (See Note 1)

1 = Single-Ended analog Input Channels with 96-pin Nonlatching Connector (See Note 1)

2 = Differential analog Input Channels with 64-pin Latching Connector

3 = Single-Ended Analog Input Channels with 64-pin Latching Connector

#### DE = 0 (Option reserved for future use)

#### F = Special Sales Order

0 = Standard VME front panel without conformal coating

1 = Reserved

2 = Standard VME front panel with conformal coating

Connector Data					
Style	Recommended Connecting Component	P3 and P4 I/O Connectors			
64-pin IDC	Mating Connector (64-pin)	Panduit 120-964-435			
	Strain Relief (For 64-pin Connectors)	Panduit 100-000-072			
96-pin Discrete	Mating Connector (96-pin Discrete)	AMP 925486-1			
Wire	Female Crimp Contacts (96-pin Discrete)	AMP 530151-6 (See Note 2)			
	Connector Housing (For 96-pin Connectors)	Harting 09 03 096 0501			
96-pin IDC	Mating Connector (96-pin Mass-Terminated)	ERNI 913.031			
	0.033-inch Ribbon Cable (96-pin Mass-Terminated)	ERNI 913.049			
	Strain Relief Insert (0.033-inch Ribbon Cable)	Harting 09 02 000 9912			
	Connector Housing (For 96-pin Connector)	Harting 09 03 096 0501			

PC Board I/O Connector Part Number Panduit 101-096-033A Panduit is also known as ITW/Pancon.

### Notes

- 1. Latches are located on the cable.
- 2. AMP crimp tool part number 90301-2.

For Ordering Information, Call:

1-800-322-3616 or 1-256-880-0444 • FAX (256) 882-0859 Email: info.embeddedsystems@gefanuc.com Web Address: www.gefanuc.com/embedded

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**Introduction:** This product is designed to support 64 channels of differential or single-ended wide range ( $\pm 250$ mV to  $\pm 10$ V) analog inputs.

The board supports the following operating modes, which are described below:

Trigger Modes

Software Trigger External Trigger

Interval Timer Trigger

### Scan Modes

Autoscan

Single Scan

Random Access

One thousand twenty-four dual-port Data Registers provide storage for continuous scanning of all channels. The trigger and scanning modes are executed automatically at power up, system reset, or are entered under program control. The dual-port registers allow VMEbus access at any time to read the latest stored data.

Channel gain is under software control and can be fixed at x1 or x10 or each channel individually programmed for either gain. Conversion rate is selectable up to 100 kSPS (thousand samples/s) with the high-performance option, and 50 kSPS with the standard performance option. Low pass input filters are available.

### **Functional Characteristics**

(At +25°C and rated power supplies, unless otherwise stated)

### **Operating Modes:**

**Trigger Mode:** Software Trigger: The selected scan mode is initiated by writing to the software trigger address.

External Trigger: An external trigger, received on the P2 connector, initiates the selected scan mode.

Interval Timer Trigger: The selected scan mode is initiated each time the programmed time interval expires.

**Scan Mode:** Autoscan: This is the default scan mode. All active channels are scanned continuously in sequential order.

Single Scan: A single data burst (scan of all selected channels) is initiated by the selected trigger mode. After all selected channels have been scanned, the scanning process stops and waits for another trigger.

Random Access: A single channel can be selected, digitized, and stored each time the selected trigger mode is enabled.

Channel Autogain: The unique gain code for each channel is loaded from the VMEbus into a gain buffer. The assigned code is retrieved from the buffer in real-time for each channel acquisition.

**Synchronization:** A single scan or burst can be initiated by an external TTL trigger through the P2 connector (External Trigger), or locally through the CSR (Software Trigger). Either event generates a P2 Trigger output, which can be used to synchronize up to 15 boards.

VMEbus Access: Response to address modifiers is jumper selectable as:

A32, A24 or A16 address space Supervisory or Nonprivilege, or both

VMEbus Compliance: This product complies with VMEbus Specification ANSI/IEEE STD 1014-1987 IEC 821 and 297 with the following mnemonics:

A32/A24/A16:D16/D8 (EO) DTB Slave Interrupter I (1 to 7) ROAK (DYN) Interrupter Vector: D08 (O) (DYN) 6U for factor

VMEbus Interrupt: An interrupt request can be generated at the end or middle of a buffer scan. The request can also be initiated after a specific number of samples (1 to 65,535) have been acquired. Response vectors are controlled through Interrupt Vector Registers.

**Data Ready Flag:** A data ready flag in the CSR is set when the data buffer is filled (endscan) or half-filled (midscan).

**Interval Timer:** Timed intervals of up to 687 seconds are provided by a programmable interval timer.

**Reset Operations:** Board reset occurs in response to a system reset or by writing to the Software Reset Address. For programming-free initial operation, a reset operation automatically establishes the following default conditions:

### Autoscanning Mode

64-, 32-, or 16-channel block size, depending on option selected. 64-, 32-, or 16-channel data buffer, depending on option selected

Channel Gain = x1

Rate = 100 kHz conversion (See Note)

The ADC will go through a calibration cycle on either RESET condition. The calibration cycle takes 41 ms after a RESET operation has been initiated.

**NOTE:** The standard performance can sample at 100 kSPS, but may not convert accurately at rates above 50 kSPS. For the standard performance options, the user must set the sample rate to 50 kSPS or less after reset.

**PGA:** Channel gains of x1 and x10 are selected through a Programmable Gain Amplifier (PGA). PGA gain can be software configured for a single gain on all channels, or it can be controlled in real-time with unique gains assigned for each channel.

**Panel Indicator:** Program-controlled front panel LED is energized during reset, and is extinguished through the CSR.

**Board Identification:** A Board Identification Register (BIR) contains the VMIVME-3122 identification code.

# **Input Characteristics**

**Number of Input Channels:** 64, 32 or 16 differential or single-ended channels

**Full-Scale A/D Ranges:**  $\pm 2.5$ V,  $\pm 5$ V,  $\pm 10$ V, 0 to  $\pm 5$ V, 0 to  $\pm 10$ V; jumper selectable

Channel Gain: Software configured for x1 or x10

Full-Scale Input Range: Gain = 1:  $\pm 1$  to  $\pm 10$ V Bipolar; 0 to  $\pm 5$ V, 0 to  $\pm 10$ V Unipolar Gain = 10:  $\pm 250$ mV to  $\pm 1$ V Bipolar; 0 to  $\pm .5$ V Unipolar

Accuracy: Maximum error =  $\pm 0.005$  percent Reading  $\pm 0.005$  percent range  $\pm 100 \mu V$ 

Example: For a +7.000V reading in the  $\pm 10V$  range: Maximum Error =  $\pm 350 \mu V \pm 1 mV \pm 100 \mu V = \pm 1.45 mV$ 

**Stability:** Temperature drift, per degree Celsius =  $\pm 10$  PPM (ADC reading) plus  $\pm 7.5$  PPM (ADC range) plus  $\pm 2.5 \mu$ V

Example: For a +7.000V reading in the  $\pm 10$ V range: Temperature drift =  $\pm 70\mu$ V  $\pm 150\mu$ V  $\pm 2.5\mu$ V =  $\pm 222.5\mu$ V

Input Noise: (0.4 + 0.3/G)mV; where: G = PGA Gain Noise is independent of filter option

Input Bias Current: 40nA maximum at zero input

Input Impedence:  $5M\Omega$  minimum in parallel with 50pF

### Interchannel Crosstalk (DC to 1 kHz):

Option	Adjacent Channel	Alternate Channel (See Note)
High Performance (391 to 100 kSPS)	-88dB	-110dB
Standard Performance (50 kSPS)	-50dB	-90dB
Standard Performance (35 kSPS)	-90dB	-96dB

NOTE: Adjacent channel used as a guard channel.

### **Common-Mode Voltage Range:**

 $(IV_{CM}I + IV_{IN}I.G)$ :  $\leq 10V$ 

Where:  $V_{CM}$  = the common-mode voltage  $V_{IN}$  = the input voltage

G =the agin

# Common-Mode Rejection: DC to 60 Hz with 350 $\Omega$ source imbalance

<u>Gain</u>	<u>Min</u>	<u>Typical</u>
1	90dB	100dB
10	100dB	120dB

Common-Mode Rejection for the ±2.5V and 0 to +5V scale is a minimum of 75dB. This can be field-trimmed to the same common-mode rejection as the gain of 1.

### Overvoltage Protection:

±35V, sustained Power On/Power Off ±80V, transient (1s maximum)

Input Filters: Optional low pass single-pole filters:

- -3dB at 10 Hz
- -3dB at 50 Hz
- -3dB at 100 Hz
- -3dB at 500 Hz

These values apply for differential inputs. Frequency doubles for single-ended (pseudo-differential) applications. The cutoff

frequency has a tolerance of  $\pm 25$  percent. Typical *no filter* input bandwidth (20 Vp-p) is 5 kHz (standard performance) or 40 kHz (high performance).

Common-Mode/Floating Input Protection: On the high-performance option, the low side of each input is pulled to ground through a  $22M\Omega$  resistor. On the standard performance option, the user must control the common-mode voltage and not let inputs float.

## **Transfer Characteristics**

**Resolution:** 16 bits

Input Sampling: Sequential, starting at channel 00

Input Transfer Function:

 $E_{IN} = E_{LO} + E_{FSR} \times N_{ADC}$  65,536

Where:  $E_{IN}$  = Input Voltage  $E_{LO}$  = Lower End of Input Range  $E_{FSR}$  = Full-Scale Input Range  $N_{ADC}$  = A/D Converter Reading

Example: For a  $N_{ADC}$  value of D99A HEX (55,706 decimal) in the  $\pm 10V$  range:

 $E_{IN} = -10 + [20.000 \times (55,706/65,536)] = +7.000$ 

**Integral Nonlinearity**: ±0.005 percent maximum; from best straight line

**Differential Nonlinearity:** ±0.005 percent No missing codes at 16-bit resolution

A/D Conversion Rate: 381 to 100 kSPS;

high-performance option: 381 to 50 kSPS; standard

performance option

Channel Sample Rate (Maximum): 100 kSPS

(100 kSPS ÷ number of channels in scanning block, 1 channel minimum)

Timed Interval: 305us to 687s

**Data Coding:** Program selectable as two's complement, or straight/offset binary

Data Buffer Memory

**Buffer Size:** 16 to 1,024 contiguous 16-bit data words; program controlled

**Block Size:** 1, 8, 16, 32, or 64 channels; program controlled

**Access Time:** 

Nonscanning: 600ns maximum

Scanning: 600 ns typical, 1.2µs maximum

Maximum access time in scanning mode will occur only

Maximum access time in scanning mode will occur only when VMEbus access occurs in ADC sample window.

VMEbus Access: D8 to or D16

**Availability:** Accessible at any time from the VMEbus. Buffer and block sizes are controlled through a Configuration Control Register (CCR).

# Physical/Environmental Specifications

Dimensions: 6U (4HP) single slot Eurocard form factor

Height 9.2 in. (233.4mm)
Depth 6.3 in. (160mm)
Thickness 0.8 in. (20.3mm)

Weight: 700g, maximum

**Power Requirements:** 

7.0A (maximum) at +5VDC

Airflow: Forced air cooling required

Temperature:

Operating: 0 to +65° C Storage: -40 to +85° C

Altitude:

Operating: 0 - 10,000 ft (3,000m) Storage: 0 - 40,000 ft (12,000m)

**Humidity:** 

Operating: relative humidity 0% to 80%, noncondensing

Input Connectors (P3, P4): Input connectors P3 and P4 may be ordered as either 96-pin DIN nonlatching or 64-pin DIN latching. The 96-pin nonlatching connectors offer the center row as ground, while the center row ground is not available on the 64-pin latching connector. When using the 64-pin latching connectors in differential mode, the user may jumper E1 and E2 to provide ground on the front panel, this will result in configuring channels 31 and 63 as single-ended. See the Ordering Options C field (Input Option).

MTBF: 135,900 hours (217F)

# **UIOC®** Support

In a UIOC, the VMIVME-3122 is used as a monitoring device. During initialization, the UIOC programs the VMIVME-3122 to scan all 64 channels and sets the scan mode to Autoscan. Through UCLIO™ language, the user may set programmable channel gains and command the UIOC to acquire data from any or all of the VMIVME-3122 channels. Through a menu-driven calibration process, the user may create and store channel gain and offset correction factors which are automatically used by the UIOC to provide software gain and offset corrections for each channel.

# Compatible Signal Conditioning Boards

VMIVME-3417A: 16-Channel Isolated Signal Conditioning Board with Optional Current Loop Termination. The VMIVME-3417A provides full-scale input ranges from ±5 mV to ±10 V. Two-pole low pass input filters are available with cutoff frequencies of 4, 40, or 400 Hz. Optional current loop termination input resistors are available, and replace the input filter. See Figure 2 for a typical system implementation of the VMIVME-3417A.

**VMIVME-3418:** 8-Channel Strain Gauge and RTD Isolated Signal Conditioning Board. The VMIVME-3418 provides full-scale input ranges from  $\pm 5$  mV to  $\pm 10$  V. Low pass input filters are available with cutoff frequencies of 4, 40, or 400 Hz. See Figure 3 for a typical system implementation of the VMIVME-3418.

VMIVME-3419: 32-Channel Signal Conditioning Board with Programmable Gain and Built-in-Test (BIT). The VMIVME-3419 accepts full-scale input ranges from ±5mV to ±10V, depending on the gain selected for the A/D board. Low pass filters are available with cutoff frequencies of 4, 40, 400, or 4 kHz. Optional current loop termination input resistors are available. See Figure 4 for a typical system implementation of the VMIVME-3419.

# Trademarks

All registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

# Application and Configuration Guide

The following Application and Configuration Guide is available from GE Fanuc Embedded Systems to assist the user in the selection, specification and implementation of systems based on GE Fanuc Embedded Systems' products.

Title Document No.

Connector and I/O Cable Application Guide 825-000000-006

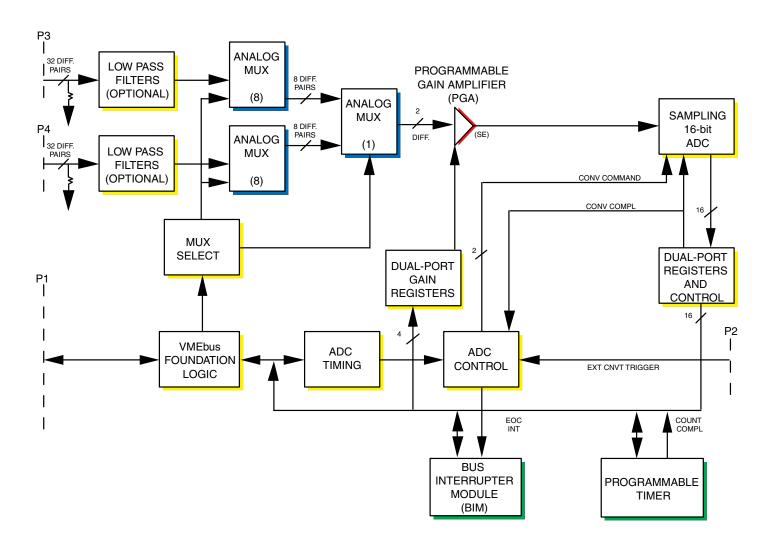


Figure 1. VMIVME-3122 Functional Block Diagram

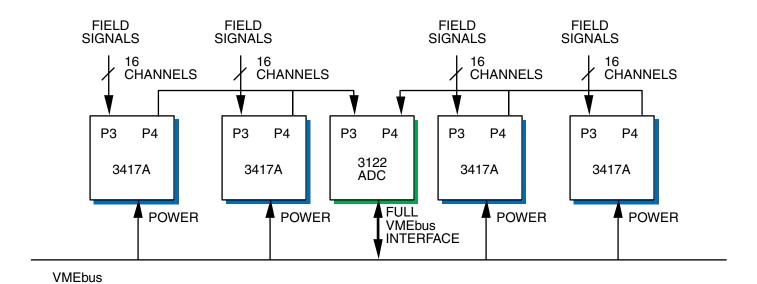


Figure 2. Typical System Implementation Using VMIVME-3122 with VMIVME-3417A

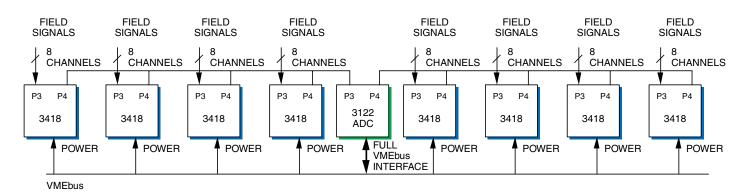


Figure 3. Typical System Implementation Using VMIVME-3122 with VMIVME-3418

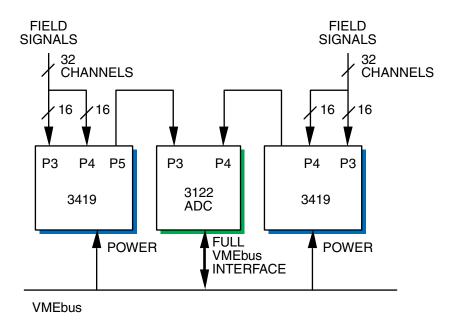


Figure 4. Typical System Implementation Using VMIVME-3122 with VMIVME-3419



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### Additional Resources

For more information, please visit the GE Fanuc Embedded Systems web site at: www.gefanuc.com/embedded