

ACE-4860AP 600W PS/2 Type ATX Power Supply



Feature

1. 600W for high power consumption RAID / Multi-core system
2. High efficiency
3. ATX 2.0 standard w/ new 20+4 ATX power and SATA connector design
4. Full functional over voltage / current protection
5. 100% Hi-pot tested
6. Multiple safety / EMC certified
7. Total +12V output up to 40A

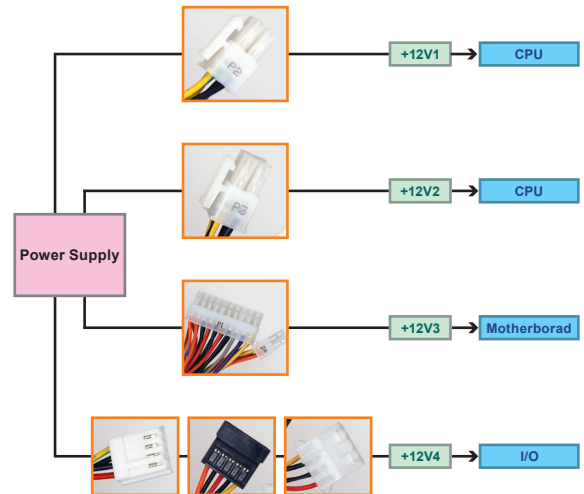
Safety



Specification

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| Input | Voltage | 90 ~ 264VAC Full Range | | |
| | Frequency | 47 ~ 63Hz | | |
| | Input Current | 12A(RMS)@115VAC 6A(RMS)@230VAC | | |
| | Inrush Current | 60A Max for 115VAC 150A Max for 230VAC | | |
| Output | Voltage | Min. load | Max. load | Ripple & Noise |
| | +5V | 0A | 30A | 50mV P-P |
| | +12V1 | 1A | 12A | 120mV P-P |
| | +12V2 | 1A | 12A | 120mV P-P |
| | +12V3 | 0.5A | 18A | 120mV P-P |
| | +12V4 | 0A | 18A | 120mV P-P |
| | -12V | 0A | 1A | 120mV P-P |
| | +3.3V | 0A | 24A | 50mV P-P |
| | +5Vsb | 0A | 2A | 50mV P-P |
| | *The +5V and + 3.3V total output shall not exceed 160W *Total current of +12V1~ +12V4 power not exceed 40A | | | |
| Over-voltage protection | | +12V : 14.6V ±10% +5V : 6.2V ±10% +3.3V : 4V ±10% | | |
| Short Circuit protection | | +3.3V, +5V, +12V Shut down and latch off | | |
| General Specification | Watt | 600W | | |
| | PFC | Active | | |
| | Hold-up time | 16 ms Min. | | |
| | Efficiency | 70% | | |
| | MTBF | 100,000 hours | | |
| | Temperature | Operating : 0 ~ 50°C (40 ~ 50°C derating curve) Storage : -40 ~ 70°C | | |
| | Dimension | 140X 150 X 86 (mm) 5.51 X 5.91 X 3.39 (inch) | | |
| Output Connector | 20+4PIN ATX x1, 4PIN 12V CPU x1, HDD/CDROM x9, FDD x1, SATA x2 | | | |

Power Connector +12V



Quad 12V Separate Lines:

As processors become faster and more highly integrated, more current is required. To reduce power distribution loss, board manufactures are moving from 5V to 12V power distribution. System components that use 12V are continuing to increase in power.

Version 2.0 of Intel's ATX12V Power Supply Design Guide began recommending dual 12V lines for PSUs that can deliver more than 18A at 12V. Why? To abide by safety requirements of UL and EM 60950, which stipulates not more than 240VA on any wires or exposed traces. Intel's PSU Guide calls for a current limiter that keeps current to under 20A on each of the 12V rails: 12V x 20A = 240VA.

What is the safety reason for this 240VA maximum? It's the maximum recommended for an electronic device that a consumer will have reasonable likelihood of access.

The +12V1 & +12V2 (1st. & 2nd +12V rails) supply the AUX12V (2x12V) 4-pin plug, which feeds only the CPUs.

The +12V3 (3rd +12V rail) supplies the 24-pin ATX main power connector, which feeds for the Mother Board.

The +12V4 (4th. +12V rail) supplies 4-pin Peripheral Power connector, which feeds for the I/O devices.

The quad 12V rails provide more flexible application, such as:

- RAID System – dedicated +12V rail for IO devices (HDDs)
- Server (multiple Processors) – Multiple dedicated +12 rails for Processors

Ordering Information

| Part No. | Description |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------|
| ACE-4860AP-RS | 600W AC-DC PS/2 ATX Power Supply, with PFC |